

BY

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Outline

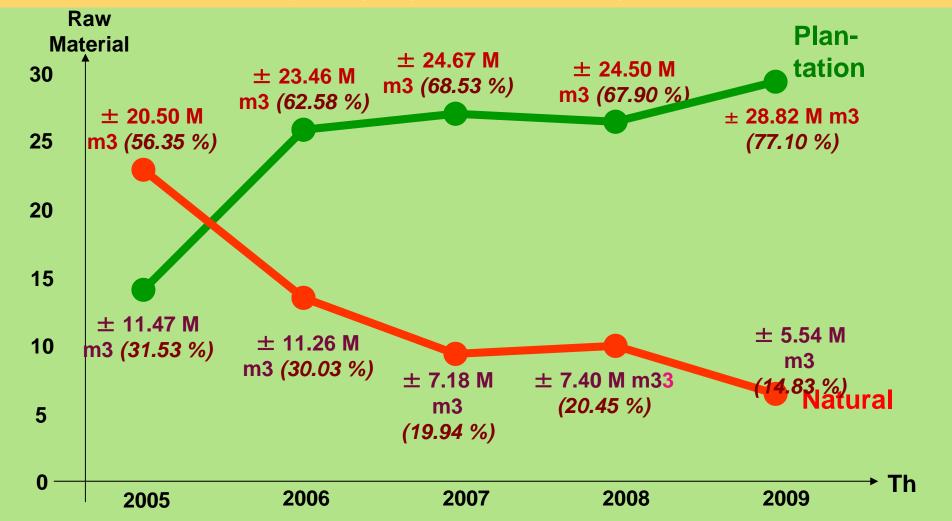
- Recent trend of illegal logging
- Framework to curb illegal logging
- Laws and regulation amendment
- Capacity building
- Prosecute forest related crimes
- Promote legal timber trade
- Other efforts



Recent trend of illegal logging

 Decrease up to 75% in the last decades (DR Rachmat Witoelar, 2010, based on the report from the Chatham House).

Fig. Raw Material for Industries Trend (capacity up to 6.000m3/years)



Source of Raw Materials:

- ► HA: Natural Forest (HPH & IPK / ILS)
- ► HT : Plantation Forest (HTI, HTR, Kebun & PERHUTANI)



Framework to curb illegal logging

- Issue a presidential instruction to curb illegal logging (Presidential Decree No. 4/2005)
- Appoint a presidential envoy to coordinate and monitor actions undertaken to curb illegal logging
- Establish a system for forest crime case tracking in order to monitor reported crimes, crime investigation and court proceedings



Laws and regulation amendment

Why?

 To strengthen law enforcement efforts

What amendment ?

 Amend existing national forest legislation to strengthen law enforcement



Capacity building

- Training (Custom, Prosecutors, Police, Forestry Officials, etc)
- ➤ Establish Rapid Response Forest Police Unit at central level
- Establish National Task Force on Combating Illegal Logging at central, provincial and district level
- ➤ Supported by various NGOs in curbing illegal logging



Prosecute forest related crimes

- Forest related crimes: forest harvesting, processing and transportation
- Sanctions for harvesting and processing crimes (Law No. 41/99, Gov.Reg. 6/2007 jo Gov. Reg. 3/2008):
- Imprisonment up to 10 years and fines up to IDR 5 Billion
- Administrative sanctions



Develop implement bilateral agreement with key timber trading countries to enhance law enforcement corporation, ie.:

- a. Indonesia and Japan
- b. Indonesia and Netherlands
- c. Indonesia and Finland
- d. Indonesia and UK
- e. Indonesia and Australia
- f. Indonesia and Republic of China
- g. Indonesia and the USA
- h. Indonesia and Korea



Develop multilateral agreement to control the trade in illegal timber,

- a. Propose resolution to criminalized logging activities to the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on the UNODC In the 15th session last year. In the 16th revised, the revised proposal was accepted by the commission.
- b. ASIA FLEG process approach. It focuses on law enforcement and the strengthening of governance structure.



- a. SFM for Indonesian Natural Forest Concessionaires, Plantation Forest to produce sustainable harvested timber (There have been about 13 M Ha natural forest has been certified by mandatory scheme; about 1,2 M Ha certified by LEI, voluntary scheme)
- b. Development of Timber Legality Assurance System (TLAS)



 a. Indonesian Government encourages some buyers to pay higher price for products from companies that hold Indonesia TLAS Certificates.

b. Incentive to certified companies: self approval of annual cutting plan (RKT) and Self endorsement for export purposes.



Other efforts

a. Allowing community to access state forest (HTR, HKm, Hutan Desa)

b. Good price of fast growing species from private forest managed by community

Thank You Domo Arigato Gozaimashita **どうも有り難うございました**